

Summary

Commandery of Tuchola (1330 – 1454). Space – economy – society

The work presents the subject of the widely understood space, settlement and community of one of the south-western commanders of the Teutonic Order state. The subject of the work related to the studied commandry has not been discussed by historians so far. It shows, among others, not only the geographical environment, but also the territorial, open and settlement space of the studied area. The author also recreates the dynamics of settlement changes that took place in the area in question after the establishment of the Tuchola commandry around 1330, carried out by the Teutonic Order, then showing many aspects of its economic and social functioning based on the new legal order, especially the so-called laws chelminskiego. This is, for example, the rural economy and its specificity in the area of the Tuchola commandry. The work also presents the prevailing church relations in the area in question, the own economy of the Teutonic Order (manor farm) and changes in the settlement and economic and social network of the commandry, especially after 1410. It analyzes on the basis of available sources (and tries to establish the origin) of the medieval society inhabiting the areas of the commandry until 1454. The summary of the work includes, inter alia, Answer the question: to what extent did the over one hundred-year rule of the Teutonic Order in this area change the space, economy and the society of the Tuchola commandry?